Type of the Paper: Full paper/ Short paper

Track title: xxxxxx

Title of the paper

Firstname Lastname 1, Firstname Lastname 2 and Firstname Lastname 2,\*

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| **Names of the editors:** Firstname Lastname**Names of the reviewers:** Firstname Lastname**Journal:** The Evolving Scholar **DOI:** https://doi.org/xxxxx/xxxxxSubmitted: 01 January 2021 Accepted: 01 June 2021Published: 02 June 2021Citation: name of authors [if more than 3 authors use the name of the 1st author followed by et al. e.g smith et al.], title of the article, name of the journal, volume, year, DOI This work is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution xxx (CC xxxx) license. ©year [name of the author(s)] published by TU Delft OPEN on behalf of the authors  |

1 Affiliation 1; e-mail; ORCID ID (if applicable)

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\* Use \* to indicate the corresponding author.

**Abstract:** A single paragraph of about 200 words maximum. Abstracts should give an overview of the work, including background (issues addressed in a broad context and the purpose of the study), research methods (the main methods applied), and results (the main findings).

**Keywords:** keyword 1; keyword 2; keyword 3 (List three to five keywords)

1. Introduction

The introduction section positions the research in a broad context and highlights its relevance to the theme of the chosen track. It explains the aim of the paper and highlights the main conclusions. References should follow APA in-text citation style: use the author’s last name and the year of publication, for example (Wandl, 2019); for direct quotations, include the page number as well, for example (Wandl, 2019, p. 15).

The length of the paper: full paper maximum 3500 words, excluding the list of references, and maximum 5 figures; short paper maximum 2000 words, excluding the list of references and maximum 3 figures.

Paragraphs follow this format



2. Theories and Methods

This section introduces theories underpinning your discourse. The theoretical discussion is centered around the existing dichotomy and the dialogue needed to either bridge the knowledge gap or tackle the issues at hand. This is followed by a brief explanation of the methods used in your research.

In case applicable, research reporting large datasets that are deposited in a publicly available database should specify where the data have been deposited and provide the links.

3. Results

This section elaborates on the research results. It may be divided into subsections.

3.1. Subsection

3.1.1. Subsubsection

You can use bulleted lists:

* First bullet;
* Second bullet;
* Third bullet.

You can also use numbered lists:

1. First item;
2. Second item;
3. Third item.

Below are formats for figures, tables and diagrams.

3.2. Figures, Tables and diagrams

All figures and tables should be cited in the main text as Figure 1, Table 1, etc.



Figure 1. Describe the figure with a caption. Place the figure in the main text near where it is cirtied the first time. Diagrams follow the same format.

Table 1. Title of the table. Place the table in the main text near where it is cited the first time. The table can be rotated 90 degree in clockwise direction if more space is needed.

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| --- | --- | --- |
| Title 1 | Title 2 | Title 3 |
| entry 1 | data | data |
| entry 2 | data | data  |

4. Discussion

This section discusses the research results and how they can be interpreted from the perspective of dichotomies vs. dialogues. Future research directions may also be highlighted.

5. Conclusions

This section summarizes your main conclusions. It is important that you refer to what have been discussed in the previous sections but avoid too many repetitions. Do not include new citations or new ideas in the conclusions.

**Research highlights** (optional)

Write 2 to 5 bullet points that 1) says in a non-technical language why the readers would be interested in the work, 2) describes the important findings and/or the aim/novelty of the article.

**Data Availability Statement** (if applicable)

Provide details regarding where data supporting your research results can be found, including links to publicly archived datasets analyzed or generated during the study.

**Contributor statement**

Describe properly all author contributions and all types of contribution) see [Policies (tudelft.nl)](https://www.tudelft.nl/library/tu-delft-open-science/os/open-publishing/about/policies#c638583)

**Acknowledgments** (optional)

Acknowledge any other support which cannot be covered by the contributor statement.

References

Use the APA citation system and the APA format, to put the references in alphabetical order (not in the order they appear in the text).

The following examples are from <https://www.mendeley.com/guides/apa-citation-guide>. Examples are: 1) Book referencing example; 2) Edited book example; 3) Edited book chapter example; 4) E-Book example; 5) E-Book chapter example; 6) Journal Article Example (in print); 7)Journal Article Example (online); 8) Newspaper Articles Example; 9) Magazine Article Example

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